

Consumer Confidence Report Certification Form

(to be submitted with a copy of the CCR)

(to certify electronic delivery of the CCR, use the certification form on the State Board's website at http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/drinking_water/certlic/drinkingwater/CCR.shtml)

Water System Name: **MIGRANT HEAD START PROGRAM - WATER**

Water System Number: **5700702**

The water system above hereby certifies that its Consumer Confidence Report was distributed on 9/4/19 (date) to customers (and appropriate notices of availability have been given). Further, the system certifies that the information contained in the report is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submitted to the State Water Resources Control Board, Division of Drinking Water.

Certified By: Name Amanda Meyer
Signature [Signature]
Title Administrative Services Manager
Phone Number (530) 634-1259 Date 9-4-19

To summarize report delivery used and good-faith efforts taken, please complete the form below by checking all items that apply and fill-in where appropriate:

CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery methods. Specify other direct delivery methods used:

"Good faith" efforts were used to reach non-bill paying customers. Those efforts included the following methods:

Posted the CCR on the internet at http://ecenter.org

Mailed the CCR to postal patrons within the service area (attach zip codes used)

Advertised the availability of the CCR in news media (attach a copy of press release)

Publication of the CCR in a local newspaper of general circulation (attach a copy of the published notice, including name of the newspaper and date published)

Posted the CCR in public places (attach a list of locations) Parent Board

Delivery of multiple copies of CCR to single bill addresses serving several persons, such as apartments, businesses, and schools

Delivery to community organizations (attach a list of organizations)

Other (attach a list of other methods used)

For systems serving at least 100,000 persons: Posted CCR on a publicly-accessible internet site at the following address: http://

For privately-owned utilities: Delivered the CCR to the California Public Utilities Commission

2018 Consumer Confidence Report

Water System Name: MIGRANT HEAD START PROGRAM - WATER

Report Date: March 2019

We test the drinking water quality for many constituents as required by state and federal regulations. This report shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1 - December 31, 2018.

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

Type of water source(s) in use: According to SWRCB records, this Source is Groundwater. This Assessment was done using the Default Groundwater System Method.

Your water comes from 1 source(s): Well 01 (1988)
and from 1 treated location(s): POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP

Opportunities for public participation in decisions that affect drinking water quality: Regularly-scheduled water board or city/county council meetings are currently not being held.

For more information about this report, or any questions relating to your drinking water, please call (530) 634-1215 and ask for Greg Taylor or visit our website at www.ecenter.org.

TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The highest level of contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. Primary MCLs are set as close to the PHGs (or MCLGs) as is economically feasible. Secondary MCLs are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs are set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA).

Public Health Goal (PHG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL): The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG): The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Primary Drinking Water Standards (PDWS): MCLs and MRDLs for the contaminants that affect health along with their monitoring and reporting requirements, and water treatment requirements.

Treatment Technique (TT): A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Regulatory Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Level 1 Assessment: A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

Level 2 Assessment: A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

ND: not detectable at testing limit

mg/L: milligrams per liter or parts per million (ppm)

ug/L: micrograms per liter or parts per billion (ppb)

pCi/L: picocuries per liter (a measure of radiation)

The sources of drinking water: (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- *Microbial contaminants*, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- *Inorganic contaminants*, such as salts and metals, that can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- *Pesticides and herbicides*, that may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- *Organic chemical contaminants*, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, that are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, agricultural application, and septic systems.
- *Radioactive contaminants*, that can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the USEPA and the State Water Resource Control Board (State Board) prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. State Board regulations also establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that provide the same protection for public health.

Tables 1, 2, 3 and 4 list all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the most recent sampling for the constituent. The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. The State Board allows us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, are more than one year old.

Any violation of MCL, AL or MRDL is highlighted. Additional information regarding the violation is provided later in this report.

| Table 1 - SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING THE DETECTION OF LEAD AND COPPER | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Lead and Copper (complete if lead or copper detected in last sample set) | Sample Date | 90th percentile level detected | No. Sites Exceeding AL | AL | PHG | Typical Sources of Contaminant |
| Copper (mg/L) | 5 (2017) | 0.29 | 0 | 1.3 | .3 | Internal corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives |

| Table 2 - DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units) | Sample Date | Level Detected | Range of Detections | MCL [MRDL] | PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG] | Typical Sources of Contaminant |
| Arsenic (ug/L) | (2017) | ND | ND - 2 | 10 | 0.004 | Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards, glass and electronics production wastes |
| Barium (mg/L) | (2017) | 0.14 | 0.13 - 0.14 | 1 | 2 | Discharge from oil drilling wastes and from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits |
| Chromium (ug/L) | (2017) | 15 | 13 - 17 | 50.0 | n/a | Discharge from steel and pulp mills and chrome plating; erosion of natural deposits |
| Hexavalent Chromium (ug/L) | (2018) | 7.1 | 3.6 - 10.5 | | 0.02 | Discharge from electroplating factories, leather tanneries, wood preservation, chemical synthesis, refractory production, and textile manufacturing facilities; erosion of natural deposits. |
| Fluoride (mg/L) | (2017) | ND | ND - 0.1 | 2 | 1 | Erosion of natural deposits; water additive that promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories. |

| | | | | | | |
|---------------------|--------|------|-----|----|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Nitrate as N (mg/L) | (2018) | 0.5 | n/a | 10 | 10 | Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks and sewage; erosion of natural deposits |
| Gross Alpha (pCi/L) | (2017) | 2.08 | n/a | 15 | (0) | Erosion of natural deposits. |

| Table 3 - TREATED DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units) | Sample Date | Level Detected | Range of Detections | MCL [MRDL] | PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG] | Typical Sources of Contaminant |
| Hexavalent Chromium (ug/L) | (2017) | ND | ND - ND | 10 | 0.02 | Discharge from electroplating factories, leather tanneries, wood preservation, chemical synthesis, refractory production, and textile manufacturing facilities; erosion of natural deposits. |

| Table 4 - DETECTION OF UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units) | Sample Date | Level Detected | Range of Detections | Notification Level | Typical Sources of Contaminant |
| Vanadium (mg/L) | (2017) | 0.007 | 0.006 - 0.008 | 0.05 | Vanadium exposures resulted in developmental and reproductive effects in rats. |

Additional General Information on Drinking Water

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the USEPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. USEPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Lead Specific Language for Community Water Systems: If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with the service lines and home plumbing. *E Center Head Start-Woodland* is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/lead>.

2018 Consumer Confidence Report

Drinking Water Assessment Information

Assessment Information

A source water assessment was conducted for the WELL 01 of the MIGRANT HEAD START PROGRAM-WATER water system in December, 2002.

Well 01 (1988) - is considered most vulnerable to the following activities not associated with any detected contaminants:

Septic systems - high density [$>1/\text{acre}$]

Acquiring Information

A copy of the complete assessment may be viewed at:

Woodland Joint USD

CR 17A

Woodland, CA 95695

You may request a summary of the assessment be sent to you by contacting:

School District

(530) 662-0201

E Center Head Start-Woodland Analytical Results By FGL - 2018

| LEAD AND COPPER RULE | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|--------------|-------|------|--------|-----|------------|--------|-----------------|-----------|
| | | Units | MCLG | CA-MCL | PHG | Sampled | Result | 90th Percentile | # Samples |
| Copper | | mg/L | | 1.3 | .3 | | | 0.29 | 5 |
| Kitchen | CH 1777519-2 | mg/L | | | | 2017-08-31 | 0.20 | | |
| Ladies Restroom | CH 1777519-1 | mg/L | | | | 2017-08-31 | 0.24 | | |
| Management Office | CH 1777519-4 | mg/L | | | | 2017-08-31 | 0.22 | | |
| Mens Restroom | CH 1777519-3 | mg/L | | | | 2017-08-31 | 0.11 | | |
| N/E Outside R/R | CH 1777519-5 | mg/L | | | | 2017-08-31 | 0.34 | | |

| PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARDS (PDWS) | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------|-------|------|--------|-------|------------|--------|----------------|-------------|
| | | Units | MCLG | CA-MCL | PHG | Sampled | Result | Avg. Result(a) | Range (b) |
| Arsenic | | ug/L | | 10 | 0.004 | | | ND | ND - 2 |
| Well 01 (1988) | CH 1777540-1 | ug/L | | | | 2017-08-31 | ND | | |
| Well 01 (1988) | CH 1773649-1 | ug/L | | | | 2017-06-05 | 2 | | |
| Barium | | mg/L | 2 | 1 | 2 | | | 0.14 | 0.13 - 0.14 |
| Well 01 (1988) | CH 1777540-1 | mg/L | | | | 2017-08-31 | 0.13 | | |
| Well 01 (1988) | CH 1773649-1 | mg/L | | | | 2017-06-05 | 0.14 | | |
| Chromium | | ug/L | 100 | 50.0 | n/a | | | 15 | 13 - 17 |
| Well 01 (1988) | CH 1777540-1 | ug/L | | | | 2017-08-31 | 13 | | |
| Well 01 (1988) | CH 1773649-1 | ug/L | | | | 2017-06-05 | 17 | | |
| Hexavalent Chromium | | ug/L | | | 0.02 | | | 7.1 | 3.6 - 10.5 |
| Well 01 (1988) | CH 1871189-1 | ug/L | | | | 2018-02-19 | 10.5 | | |
| Well 01 (1988) | CH 1870731-1 | ug/L | | | | 2018-01-30 | 3.6 | | |
| Fluoride | | mg/L | | 2 | 1 | | | ND | ND - 0.1 |
| Well 01 (1988) | CH 1777540-1 | mg/L | | | | 2017-08-31 | ND | | |
| Well 01 (1988) | CH 1773649-1 | mg/L | | | | 2017-06-05 | 0.1 | | |
| Nitrate as N | | mg/L | | 10 | 10 | | | 0.5 | 0.5 - 0.5 |
| Well 01 (1988) | CH 1874543-1 | mg/L | | | | 2018-06-20 | 0.5 | | |
| Gross Alpha | | pCi/L | | 15 | (0) | | | 2.08 | 2.08 - 2.08 |
| Well 01 (1988) | CH 1777524-1 | pCi/L | | | | 2017-08-31 | 2.08 | | |

| TREATED PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARDS (PDWS) | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------|--------------|-------|------|--------|------|------------|--------|----------------|-----------|
| | | Units | MCLG | CA-MCL | PHG | Sampled | Result | Avg. Result(a) | Range (b) |
| Hexavalent Chromium | | ug/L | | 10 | 0.02 | | | ND | ND - ND |
| POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP | CH 1790385-1 | ug/L | | | | 2017-12-28 | ND | | |
| POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP | CH 1779811-1 | ug/L | | | | 2017-11-29 | ND | | |
| POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP | CH 1778935-1 | ug/L | | | | 2017-10-16 | ND | | |
| POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP | CH 1777777-1 | ug/L | | | | 2017-09-18 | ND | | |
| POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP | CH 1777518-1 | ug/L | | | | 2017-08-31 | ND | | |
| POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP | CH 1776175-1 | ug/L | | | | 2017-07-26 | ND | | |
| POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP | CH 1773220-1 | ug/L | | | | 2017-05-15 | ND | | |
| POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP | CH 1772259-1 | ug/L | | | | 2017-04-17 | ND | | |

| UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------|-------|------|--------|-----|------------|--------|----------------|---------------|
| | | Units | MCLG | CA-MCL | PHG | Sampled | Result | Avg. Result(a) | Range (b) |
| Vanadium | | mg/L | | NS | n/a | | | 0.007 | 0.006 - 0.008 |
| Well 01 (1988) | CH 1777540-1 | mg/L | | | | 2017-08-31 | 0.006 | | |
| Well 01 (1988) | CH 1773649-1 | mg/L | | | | 2017-06-05 | 0.008 | | |

E Center Head Start-Woodland CCR Login Linkage - 2018

| FGL Code | Lab ID | Date Sampled | Method | Description | Property |
|-----------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Kitchen | CH 1777519-2 | 2017-08-31 | Metals, Total | Kitchen | Lead & Copper Monitoring |
| Ladies Restroom | CH 1777519-1 | 2017-08-31 | Metals, Total | Ladies Restroom | Lead & Copper Monitoring |
| Management Offi | CH 1777519-4 | 2017-08-31 | Metals, Total | Management Office | Lead & Copper Monitoring |
| Mens Restroom | CH 1777519-3 | 2017-08-31 | Metals, Total | Mens Restroom | Lead & Copper Monitoring |
| N/E Outside R/R | CH 1777519-5 | 2017-08-31 | Metals, Total | N/E Outside R/R | Lead & Copper Monitoring |
| FINISHED H2O | CH 1772259-1 | 2017-04-17 | Wet Chemistry | POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP | Chrome 6 Monitoring |
| | CH 1773220-1 | 2017-05-15 | Wet Chemistry | POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP | Chrome 6 Monitoring |
| | CH 1776175-1 | 2017-07-26 | Wet Chemistry | POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP | Chrome 6 Monitoring |
| | CH 1777518-1 | 2017-08-31 | Wet Chemistry | POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP | Cr VI Monitoring |
| | CH 1777777-1 | 2017-09-18 | Wet Chemistry | POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP | Cr VI Monitoring |
| | CH 1778935-1 | 2017-10-16 | Wet Chemistry | POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP | Cr VI Monitoring |
| | CH 1779811-1 | 2017-11-29 | | POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP | Cr VI Monitoring |
| | CH 1790385-1 | 2017-12-28 | Wet Chemistry | POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP | Cr VI Monitoring |
| Womens RR | CH 1872607-1 | 2018-04-18 | Coliform | ROUTINE-WOMENS RESTROOM | Drinking Water Monitoring |
| | CH 1873495-1 | 2018-05-16 | Coliform | ROUTINE-WOMENS RESTROOM | Drinking Water Monitoring |
| | CH 1874542-1 | 2018-06-20 | Coliform | ROUTINE-WOMENS RESTROOM | Drinking Water Monitoring |
| | CH 1875550-1 | 2018-07-09 | Coliform | ROUTINE-WOMENS RESTROOM | Drinking Water Monitoring |
| | CH 1877619-1 | 2018-08-29 | Coliform | ROUTINE-WOMENS RESTROOM | Drinking Water Monitoring |
| | CH 1877988-1 | 2018-09-10 | Coliform | ROUTINE-WOMENS RESTROOM | Drinking Water Monitoring |
| | CH 1878743-1 | 2018-10-08 | Coliform | ROUTINE-WOMENS RESTROOM | Drinking Water Monitoring |
| WELL01 | CH 1472985-1 | 2014-06-05 | Metals, Total | Well 01 (1988) | Water Quality Monitoring |
| | CH 1773649-1 | 2017-06-05 | Metals, Total | Well 01 (1988) | Water Quality Monitoring |
| | CH 1773649-1 | 2017-06-05 | Wet Chemistry | Well 01 (1988) | Water Quality Monitoring |
| | CH 1777540-1 | 2017-08-31 | Metals, Total | Well 01 (1988) | Well 01 - Water Quality Monitoring |
| | CH 1777540-1 | 2017-08-31 | Wet Chemistry | Well 01 (1988) | Well 01 - Water Quality Monitoring |
| | CH 1777524-1 | 2017-08-31 | Radio Chemistry | Well 01 (1988) | Well 01 - Radio & Asbestos Monitoring |
| | CH 1870731-1 | 2018-01-30 | Wet Chemistry | Well 01 (1988) | MIGRANT HEAD START PROGRAM - WATER |
| | CH 1871189-1 | 2018-02-19 | Wet Chemistry | Well 01 (1988) | Cr VI Monitoring |
| | CH 1874543-1 | 2018-06-20 | Wet Chemistry | Well 01 (1988) | Well 01 - Water Quality Monitoring |

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Water System Number: **5700702**

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Certified By: Name Amande Meyer
Signature Administrative Services Manager
Title AMeyer
Phone Number (530) 634-1200 Date 9-11-19

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- Delivery to community organizations (attach a list of organizations)
- Other (attach a list of other methods used)

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2018 Consumer Confidence Report

Water System Name: MIGRANT HEAD START PROGRAM - WATER

Report Date: September 2019

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Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

Type of water source(s) in use: According to SWRCB records, this Source is Groundwater. This Assessment was done using the Default Groundwater System Method.

Your water comes from 2 source(s): Well 01 (1988) and WELL 02 (2003)
and from 1 treated location(s): POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP

Opportunities for public participation in decisions that affect drinking water quality: Regularly-scheduled water board or city/county council meetings are currently not being held.

For more information about this report, or any questions relating to your drinking water, please call (530) 634-1215 and ask for Greg Taylor or visit our website at www.ecenter.org.

TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT

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Regulatory Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Level 1 Assessment: A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

Level 2 Assessment: A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

ND: not detectable at testing limit

mg/L: milligrams per liter or parts per million (ppm)

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- *Pesticides and herbicides*, that may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- *Organic chemical contaminants*, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, that are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, agricultural application, and septic systems.
- *Radioactive contaminants*, that can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

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Any violation of MCL, AL or MRDL is highlighted. Additional information regarding the violation is provided later in this report.

| Lead and Copper (complete if lead or copper detected in last sample set) | Sample Date | 90th percentile level detected | No. Sites Exceeding AL | AL | PHG | Typical Sources of Contaminant |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Copper (mg/L) | 5 (2017) | 0.29 | 0 | 1.3 | .3 | Internal corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives |

| Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units) | Sample Date | Average Level Detected | Range of Detections | MCL [MRDL] | PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG] | Typical Sources of Contaminant |
|---------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Arsenic (ug/L) | (2017 - 2018) | 4 | ND - 16 | 10 | 0.004 | Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards, glass and electronics production wastes |
| Barium (mg/L) | (2017 - 2018) | ND | ND - 0.14 | 1 | 2 | Discharge from oil drilling wastes and from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits |
| Chromium (ug/L) | (2017 - 2018) | 10 | ND - 17 | 50.0 | n/a | Discharge from steel and pulp mills and chrome plating; erosion of natural deposits |
| Hexavalent Chromium (ug/L) | (2018) | 7.4 | 3.6 - 10.6 | | 0.02 | Discharge from electroplating factories, leather tanneries, wood preservation, chemical synthesis, refractory production, and textile manufacturing facilities; erosion of natural deposits. |
| Fluoride (mg/L) | (2017) | ND | ND - 0.1 | 2 | 1 | Erosion of natural deposits; water additive that promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories. |

| | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---------------|-------|-----------|----|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Nitrate as N (mg/L) | (2018) | 0.6 | 0.5 - 0.7 | 10 | 10 | Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks and sewage; erosion of natural deposits |
| Gross Alpha (pCi/L) | (2017 - 2018) | 1.067 | ND - 2.08 | 15 | (0) | Erosion of natural deposits. |

| Table 3 - TREATED DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units) | Sample Date | Average Level Detected | Range of Detections | MCL [MRDL] | PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG] | Typical Sources of Contaminant |
| Hexavalent Chromium (ug/L) | (2017) | ND | ND - ND | 10 | 0.02 | Discharge from electroplating factories, leather tanneries, wood preservation, chemical synthesis, refractory production, and textile manufacturing facilities; erosion of natural deposits. |

| Table 4 - DETECTION OF UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units) | Sample Date | Average Level Detected | Range of Detections | Notification Level | Typical Sources of Contaminant |
| Vanadium (mg/L) | (2017 - 2018) | 0.092 | 0.006 - 0.262 | 0.05 | Vanadium exposures resulted in developmental and reproductive effects in rats. |

Additional General Information on Drinking Water

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the USEPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. USEPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Lead Specific Language for Community Water Systems: If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with the service lines and home plumbing. *E Center Head Start-Woodland* is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/lead>.

Summary Information for Violation of a MCL, MRDL, AL, TT, or Monitoring and Reporting Requirement

About our Arsenic: Some people who drink water containing arsenic in excess of the MCL over many years could experience skin damage or problems with their circulatory system, and may have an increased risk of getting cancer.

2018 Consumer Confidence Report

Drinking Water Assessment Information

Assessment Information

A source water assessment was conducted for the WELL 01 of the MIGRANT HEAD START PROGRAM-WATER water system in December, 2002.

Acquiring Information

A copy of the complete assessment may be viewed at:

Woodland Joint USD

CR 17A

Woodland, CA 95695

You may request a summary of the assessment be sent to you by contacting:

School District

(530) 662-0201

E Center Head Start-Woodland Analytical Results By FGL - 2018

| LEAD AND COPPER RULE | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|--------------|-------|------|--------|-----|------------|--------|-----------------|-----------|
| | | Units | MCLG | CA-MCL | PHG | Sampled | Result | 90th Percentile | # Samples |
| Copper | | mg/L | | 1.3 | .3 | | | 0.29 | 5 |
| Kitchen | CH 1777519-2 | mg/L | | | | 2017-08-31 | 0.20 | | |
| Ladies Restroom | CH 1777519-1 | mg/L | | | | 2017-08-31 | 0.24 | | |
| Management Office | CH 1777519-4 | mg/L | | | | 2017-08-31 | 0.22 | | |
| Mens Restroom | CH 1777519-3 | mg/L | | | | 2017-08-31 | 0.11 | | |
| N/E Outside R/R | CH 1777519-5 | mg/L | | | | 2017-08-31 | 0.34 | | |

| PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARDS (PDWS) | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------|-------|------|--------|-------|------------|--------|----------------|------------|
| | | Units | MCLG | CA-MCL | PHG | Sampled | Result | Avg. Result(a) | Range (b) |
| Arsenic | | ug/L | | 10 | 0.004 | | | 4 | ND - 16 |
| Well 01 (1988) | CH 1777540-1 | ug/L | | | | 2017-08-31 | ND | | |
| Well 01 (1988) | CH 1773649-1 | ug/L | | | | 2017-06-05 | 2 | | |
| WELL 02 (2003) | CH 1890452-1 | ug/L | | | | 2018-12-19 | 2 | | |
| WELL 02 (2003) | CH 1878812-1 | ug/L | | | | 2018-10-08 | 2 | | |
| WELL 02 (2003) | CH 1877964-1 | ug/L | | | | 2018-09-10 | 16 | | |
| Barium | | mg/L | 2 | 1 | 2 | | | ND | ND - 0.14 |
| Well 01 (1988) | CH 1777540-1 | mg/L | | | | 2017-08-31 | 0.13 | | |
| Well 01 (1988) | CH 1773649-1 | mg/L | | | | 2017-06-05 | 0.14 | | |
| WELL 02 (2003) | CH 1877964-1 | mg/L | | | | 2018-09-10 | ND | | |
| Chromium | | ug/L | 100 | 50.0 | n/a | | | 10 | ND - 17 |
| Well 01 (1988) | CH 1777540-1 | ug/L | | | | 2017-08-31 | 13 | | |
| Well 01 (1988) | CH 1773649-1 | ug/L | | | | 2017-06-05 | 17 | | |
| WELL 02 (2003) | CH 1877964-1 | ug/L | | | | 2018-09-10 | ND | | |
| Hexavalent Chromium | | ug/L | | | 0.02 | | | 7.4 | 3.6 - 10.6 |
| Well 01 (1988) | CH 1871189-1 | ug/L | | | | 2018-02-19 | 10.5 | | |
| Well 01 (1988) | CH 1870731-1 | ug/L | | | | 2018-01-30 | 3.6 | | |
| WELL 02 (2003) | CH 1871189-2 | ug/L | | | | 2018-02-19 | 10.6 | | |
| WELL 02 (2003) | CH 1870731-2 | ug/L | | | | 2018-01-30 | 4.9 | | |
| Fluoride | | mg/L | | 2 | 1 | | | ND | ND - 0.1 |
| Well 01 (1988) | CH 1777540-1 | mg/L | | | | 2017-08-31 | ND | | |
| Well 01 (1988) | CH 1773649-1 | mg/L | | | | 2017-06-05 | 0.1 | | |
| Nitrate as N | | mg/L | | 10 | 10 | | | 0.6 | 0.5 - 0.7 |
| Well 01 (1988) | CH 1874543-1 | mg/L | | | | 2018-06-20 | 0.5 | | |
| WELL 02 (2003) | CH 1877964-1 | mg/L | | | | 2018-09-10 | 0.7 | | |
| Gross Alpha | | pCi/L | | 15 | (0) | | | 1.067 | ND - 2.08 |
| Well 01 (1988) | CH 1777524-1 | pCi/L | | | | 2017-08-31 | 2.08 | | |
| WELL 02 (2003) | CH 1890451-1 | pCi/L | | | | 2018-12-19 | ND | | |
| WELL 02 (2003) | CH 1874544-1 | pCi/L | | | | 2018-06-20 | 1.12 | | |

| TREATED PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARDS (PDWS) | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------|--------------|-------|------|--------|------|------------|--------|----------------|-----------|
| | | Units | MCLG | CA-MCL | PHG | Sampled | Result | Avg. Result(a) | Range (b) |
| Hexavalent Chromium | | ug/L | | 10 | 0.02 | | | ND | ND - ND |
| POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP | CH 1790385-1 | ug/L | | | | 2017-12-28 | ND | | |
| POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP | CH 1779811-1 | ug/L | | | | 2017-11-29 | ND | | |
| POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP | CH 1778935-1 | ug/L | | | | 2017-10-16 | ND | | |
| POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP | CH 1777777-1 | ug/L | | | | 2017-09-18 | ND | | |
| POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP | CH 1777518-1 | ug/L | | | | 2017-08-31 | ND | | |
| POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP | CH 1776175-1 | ug/L | | | | 2017-07-26 | ND | | |
| POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP | CH 1773220-1 | ug/L | | | | 2017-05-15 | ND | | |
| POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP | CH 1772259-1 | ug/L | | | | 2017-04-17 | ND | | |

UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS

| | | Units | MCLG | CA-MCL | PHG | Sampled | Result | Avg. Result(a) | Range (b) |
|-----------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| Vanadium | | mg/L | | NS | n/a | | | 0.092 | 0.006 - 0.262 |
| Well 01 (1988) | CH 1777540-1 | mg/L | | | | 2017-08-31 | 0.006 | | |
| Well 01 (1988) | CH 1773649-1 | mg/L | | | | 2017-06-05 | 0.008 | | |
| WELL 02 (2003) | CH 1877964-1 | mg/L | | | | 2018-09-10 | 0.262 | | |

E Center Head Start-Woodland CCR Login Linkage - 2018

| FGL Code | Lab ID | Date_Sampled | Method | Description | Property |
|-----------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Kitchen | CH 1777519-2 | 2017-08-31 | Metals, Total | Kitchen | Lead & Copper Monitoring |
| Ladies Restroom | CH 1777519-1 | 2017-08-31 | Metals, Total | Ladies Restroom | Lead & Copper Monitoring |
| Management Offi | CH 1777519-4 | 2017-08-31 | Metals, Total | Management Office | Lead & Copper Monitoring |
| Mens Restroom | CH 1777519-3 | 2017-08-31 | Metals, Total | Mens Restroom | Lead & Copper Monitoring |
| N/E Outside R/R | CH 1777519-5 | 2017-08-31 | Metals, Total | N/E Outside R/R | Lead & Copper Monitoring |
| FINISHED H2O | CH 1772259-1 | 2017-04-17 | Wet Chemistry | POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP | Chrome 6 Monitoring |
| | CH 1773220-1 | 2017-05-15 | Wet Chemistry | POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP | Chrome 6 Monitoring |
| | CH 1776175-1 | 2017-07-26 | Wet Chemistry | POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP | Chrome 6 Monitoring |
| | CH 1777518-1 | 2017-08-31 | Wet Chemistry | POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP | Cr VI Monitoring |
| | CH 1777777-1 | 2017-09-18 | Wet Chemistry | POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP | Cr VI Monitoring |
| | CH 1778935-1 | 2017-10-16 | Wet Chemistry | POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP | Cr VI Monitoring |
| | CH 1779811-1 | 2017-11-29 | | POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP | Cr VI Monitoring |
| | CH 1790385-1 | 2017-12-28 | Wet Chemistry | POST TREATMENT SAMPLE TAP | Cr VI Monitoring |
| Womens RR | CH 1872607-1 | 2018-04-18 | Coliform | ROUTINE-WOMENS RESTROOM | Drinking Water Monitoring |
| | CH 1873495-1 | 2018-05-16 | Coliform | ROUTINE-WOMENS RESTROOM | Drinking Water Monitoring |
| | CH 1874542-1 | 2018-06-20 | Coliform | ROUTINE-WOMENS RESTROOM | Drinking Water Monitoring |
| | CH 1875550-1 | 2018-07-09 | Coliform | ROUTINE-WOMENS RESTROOM | Drinking Water Monitoring |
| | CH 1877619-1 | 2018-08-29 | Coliform | ROUTINE-WOMENS RESTROOM | Drinking Water Monitoring |
| | CH 1877988-1 | 2018-09-10 | Coliform | ROUTINE-WOMENS RESTROOM | Drinking Water Monitoring |
| | CH 1878743-1 | 2018-10-08 | Coliform | ROUTINE-WOMENS RESTROOM | Drinking Water Monitoring |
| WELL01 | CH 1472985-1 | 2014-06-05 | Metals, Total | Well 01 (1988) | Water Quality Monitoring |
| | CH 1773649-1 | 2017-06-05 | Metals, Total | Well 01 (1988) | Water Quality Monitoring |
| | CH 1773649-1 | 2017-06-05 | Wet Chemistry | Well 01 (1988) | Water Quality Monitoring |
| | CH 1777524-1 | 2017-08-31 | Radio Chemistry | Well 01 (1988) | Well 01 - Radio & Asbestos Monitoring |
| | CH 1777540-1 | 2017-08-31 | Metals, Total | Well 01 (1988) | Well 01 - Water Quality Monitoring |
| | CH 1777540-1 | 2017-08-31 | Wet Chemistry | Well 01 (1988) | Well 01 - Water Quality Monitoring |
| | CH 1870731-1 | 2018-01-30 | Wet Chemistry | Well 01 (1988) | MIGRANT HEAD START PROGRAM - WATER |
| | CH 1871189-1 | 2018-02-19 | Wet Chemistry | Well 01 (1988) | Cr VI Monitoring |
| | CH 1874543-1 | 2018-06-20 | Wet Chemistry | Well 01 (1988) | Well 01 - Water Quality Monitoring |
| WELL02 | CH 1870731-2 | 2018-01-30 | Wet Chemistry | WELL 02 (2003) | MIGRANT HEAD START PROGRAM - WATER |
| | CH 1871189-2 | 2018-02-19 | Wet Chemistry | WELL 02 (2003) | Cr VI Monitoring |
| | CH 1874544-1 | 2018-06-20 | Radio Chemistry | WELL 02 (2003) | Well 02 - Radio Monitoring |
| | CH 1877964-1 | 2018-09-10 | Metals, Total | WELL 02 (2003) | Well 02 - Water Quality |
| | CH 1877964-1 | 2018-09-10 | Wet Chemistry | WELL 02 (2003) | Well 02 - Water Quality |
| | CH 1878812-1 | 2018-10-08 | Metals, Total | WELL 02 (2003) | MIGRANT HEAD START PROGRAM - WATER |
| | CH 1890451-1 | 2018-12-19 | Radio Chemistry | WELL 02 (2003) | Well 02 - Radio Monitoring |
| | CH 1890452-1 | 2018-12-19 | Metals, Total | WELL 02 (2003) | Well 02 - Water Quality |